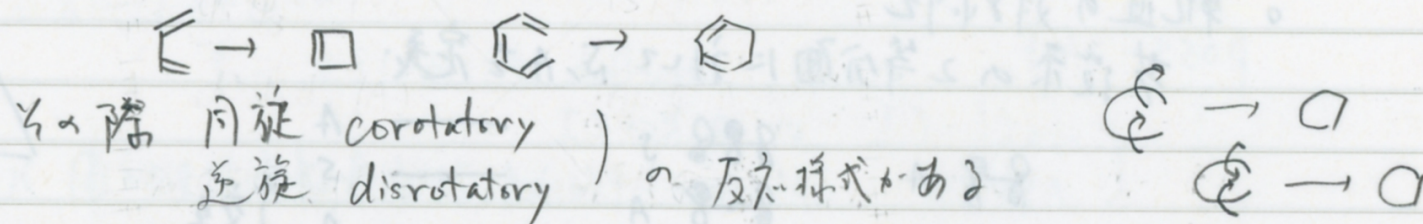
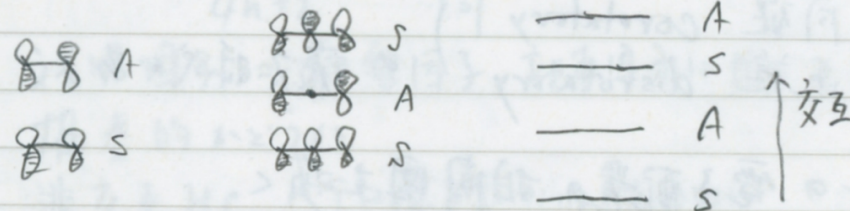


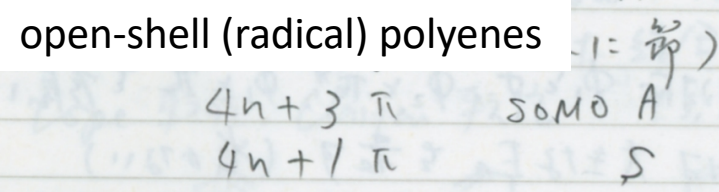
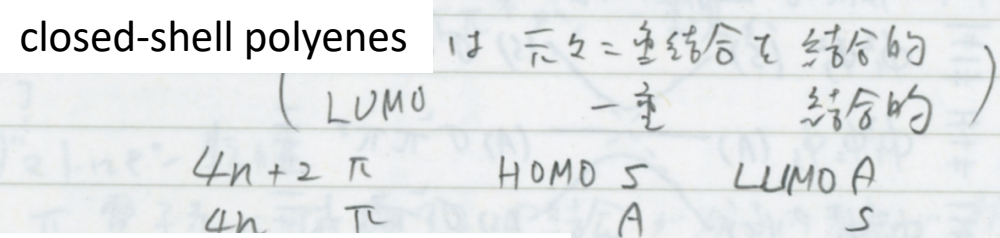
Woodward-Hoffman rule  
pericyclic reactions  
ペリ環状反応



👉 **Orbital symmetry :**

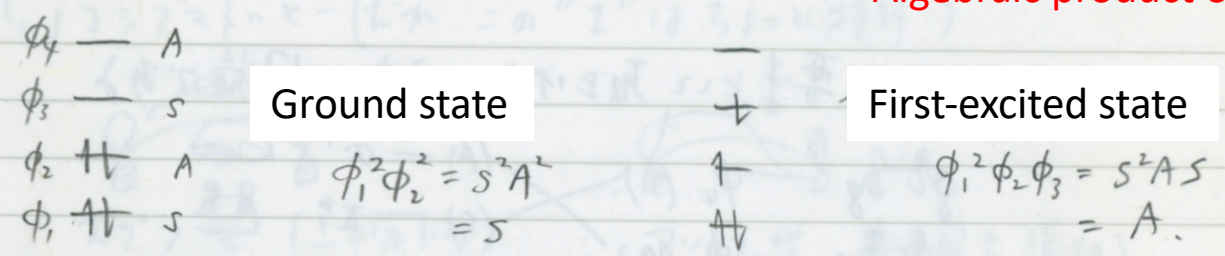


Symmetry/Antisymmetry with respect to reflection.



👉 **Electron-configurational symmetry :**

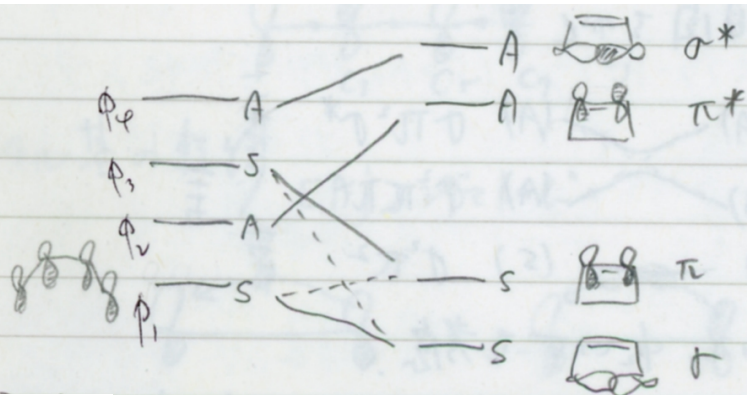
Algebraic product of S(+1) and A(-1).



## Orbital symmetry conservation law

MO's conserve the orbital symmetry with respect to the symmetry of transformation.

Ex) butadiene – cyclobutene interconversion: **orbital–correlation diagram**.



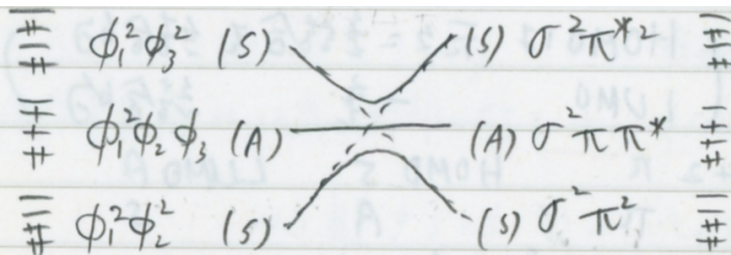
Only **S – S** and **A – A** transformations are allowed.

## No-crossing law

Orbital-correlation lines must not cross each other when they have the same symmetry.

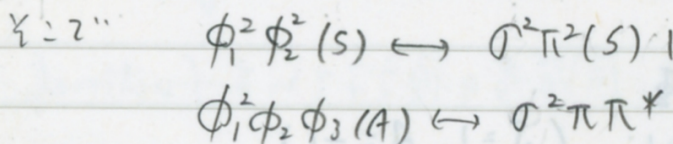
Ex) butadiene – cyclobutene interconversion: **configuration–correlation diagram**.

Note that **reflection symmetry is applied to disrotatory** reaction.



$\phi_1-\sigma$ ,  $\phi_2-\pi^*$ ,  $\phi_3-\pi$ , and  $\phi_4-\sigma^*$  relations are applied.

The correlation curve implies the energy surface on the reaction coordinate.

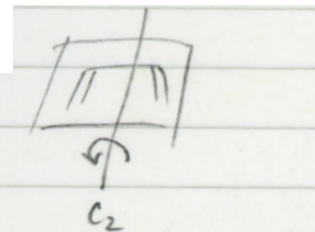
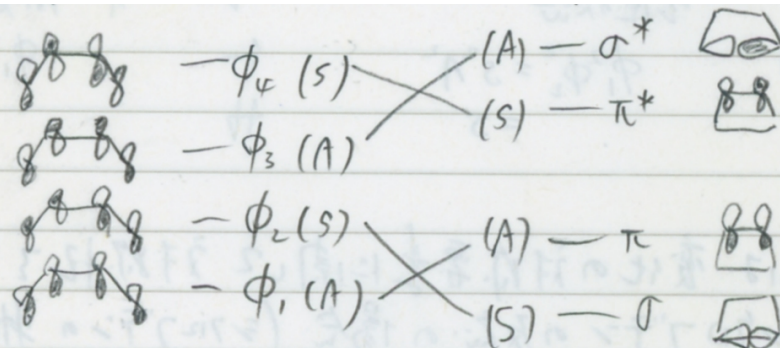


forbidden

allowed  $\rightarrow$  photo-conditions: disrotatory

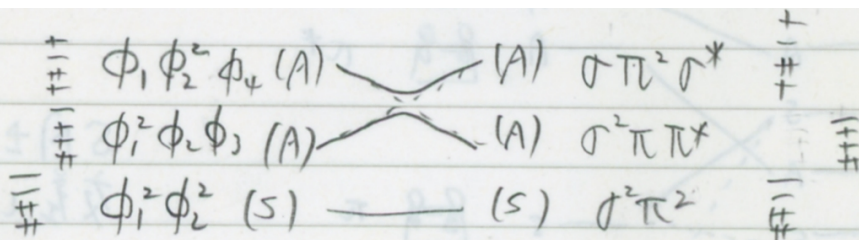
Two-fold rotation symmetry is applied to conrotatory reaction.

Orbital-correlation diagram:

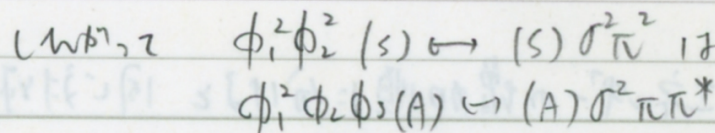


Symmetry/Antisymmetry with respect to two-fold rotation.

Electron-configuration-correlation diagram:



$\phi_1-\pi$ ,  $\phi_2-\sigma$ ,  $\phi_3-\sigma^*$ , and  $\phi_4-\pi^*$  relations are applied.



allowed  $\rightarrow$  thermal conditions: conrotatory  
forbidden

Selectivity rule: the Woodward-Hoffman rule

thermal conditions:

$4n$  conrotatory

$4n+2$  disrotatory

photo conditions:

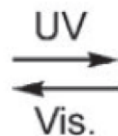
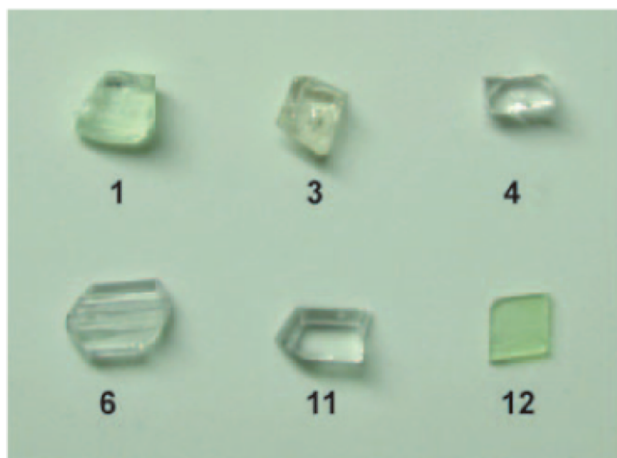
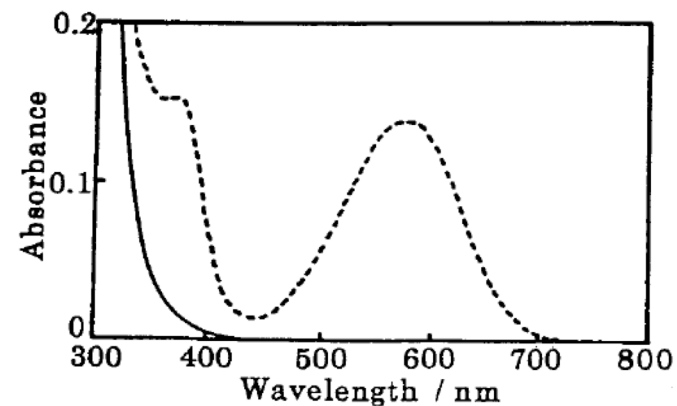
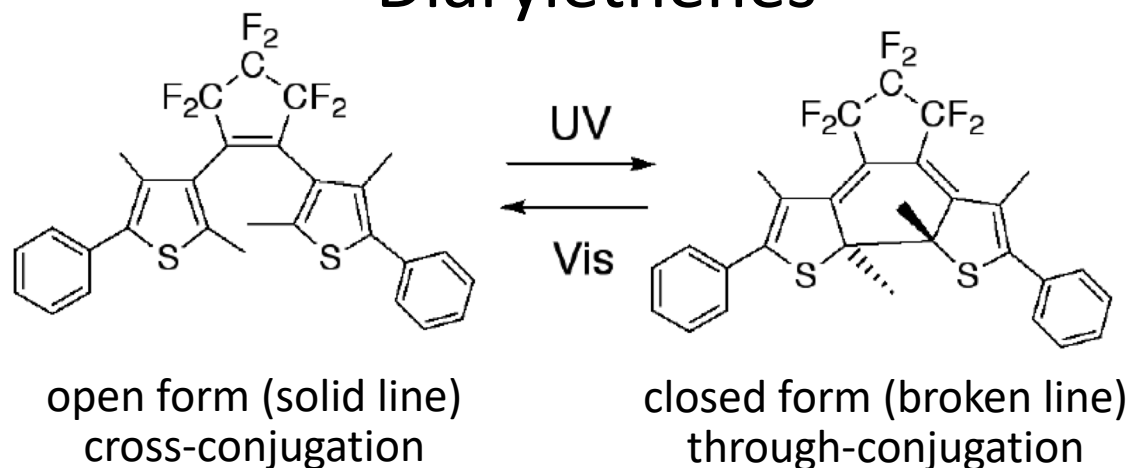
$4n$  disrotatory

$4n+2$  conrotatory

# Solid state chemistry

## ex.1) photochromic materials

### Diarylethenes

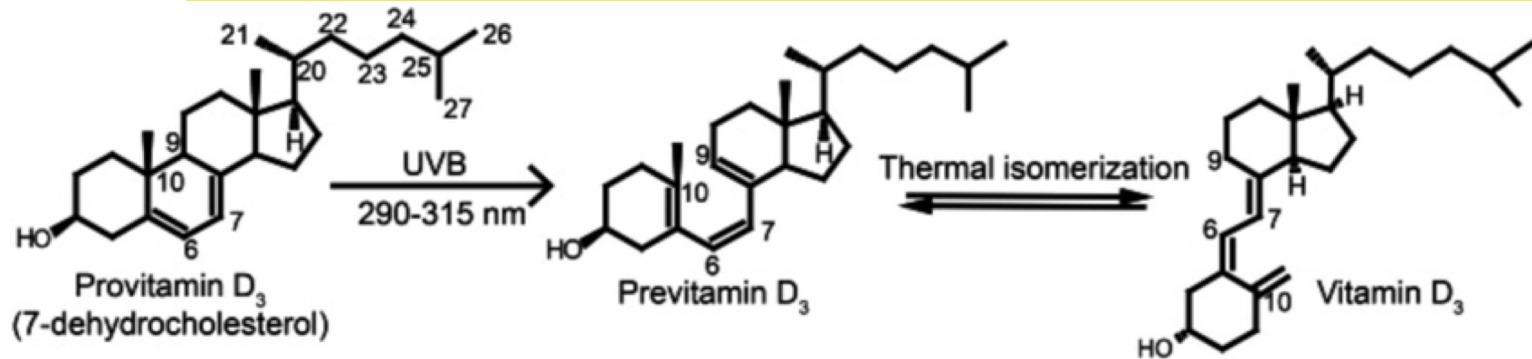
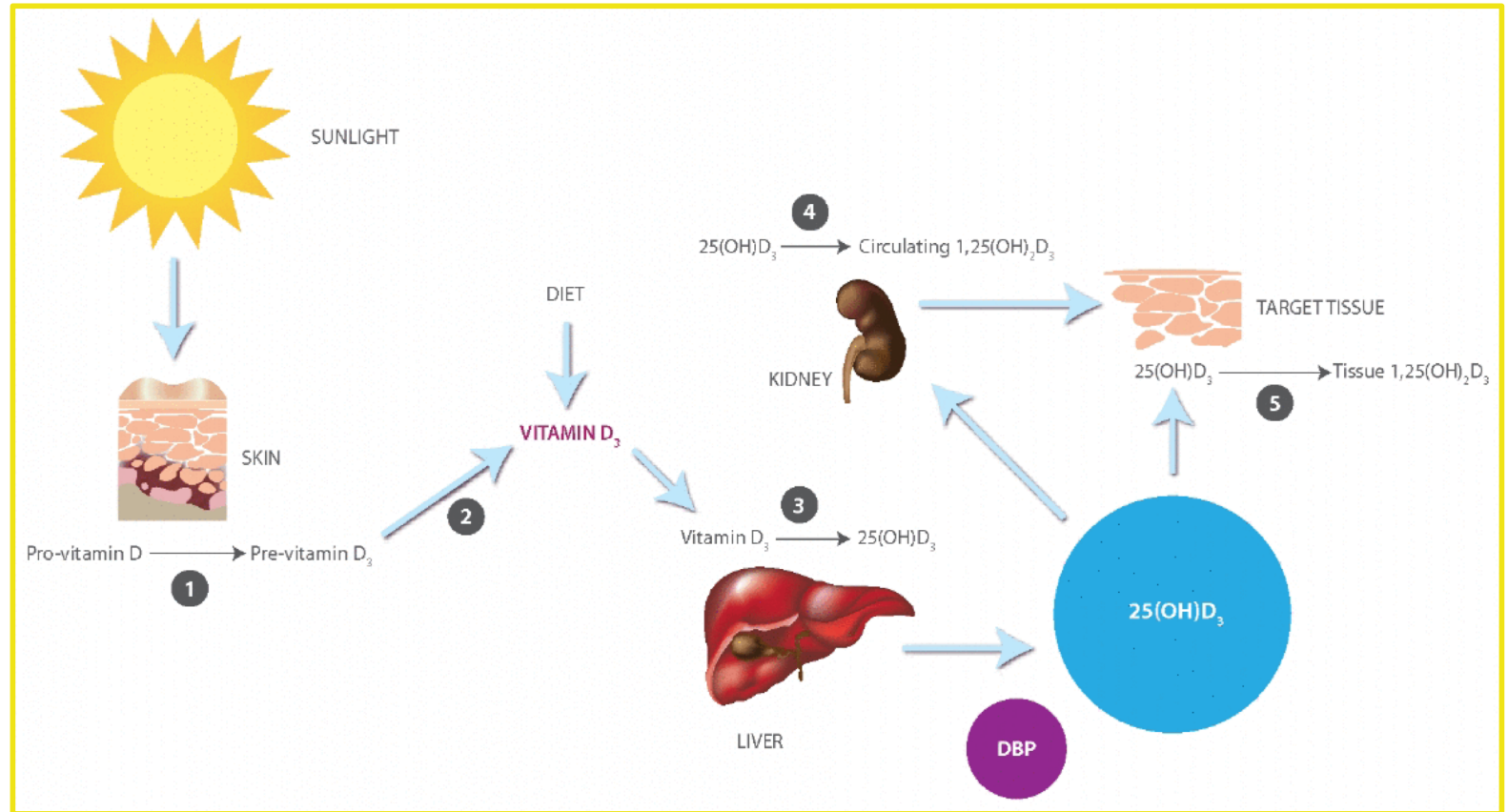


M. Irie et al.,  
*Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.*,  
2004, 77, 195.

# Solid state chemistry

## ex.5) vitamin D3

Vitamin-D deficiency rickets (くる病), a disorder that becomes apparent during infancy or childhood, is the result of insufficient amounts of vitamin D in the body. The deficiency of vitamin D may be caused by poor nutrition, a lack of exposure to the sun, or ....



Woodward-Hoffman rule

## cycloaddition reactions

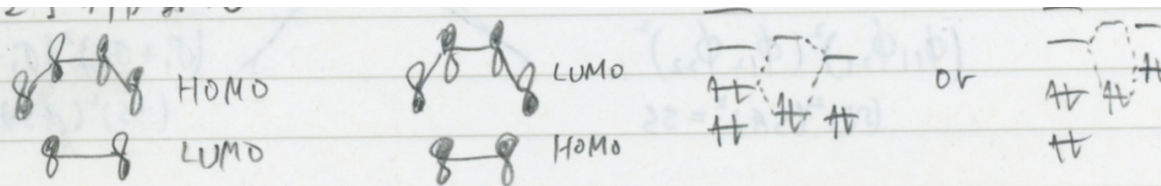
### 協奏的環化

**supra**: on one side of the plane (denote with a lower case s)

**antara**: across the plane (denote with a lower case a)

### [4+2]cycloaddition

Ex) Diels-Alder reaction



thermal conditions: supra-supra (s-s) (or antara-antara (a-a))

### [i + j]cycloaddition

$$i + j = 4n + 2$$
$$i + j = 4n$$

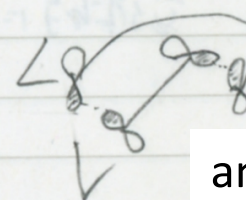
supra-supra or antara-antara (s-s or a-a)

supra-antara or antara-supra (s-a or a-s)



supra

antara



antara-antara

when  $i+j$  is large.

**If  $i + j$  is small, only supra is sterically feasible.**

In short,  $i + j = 4n + 2$ , thermally allowed. (photo. forbidden)

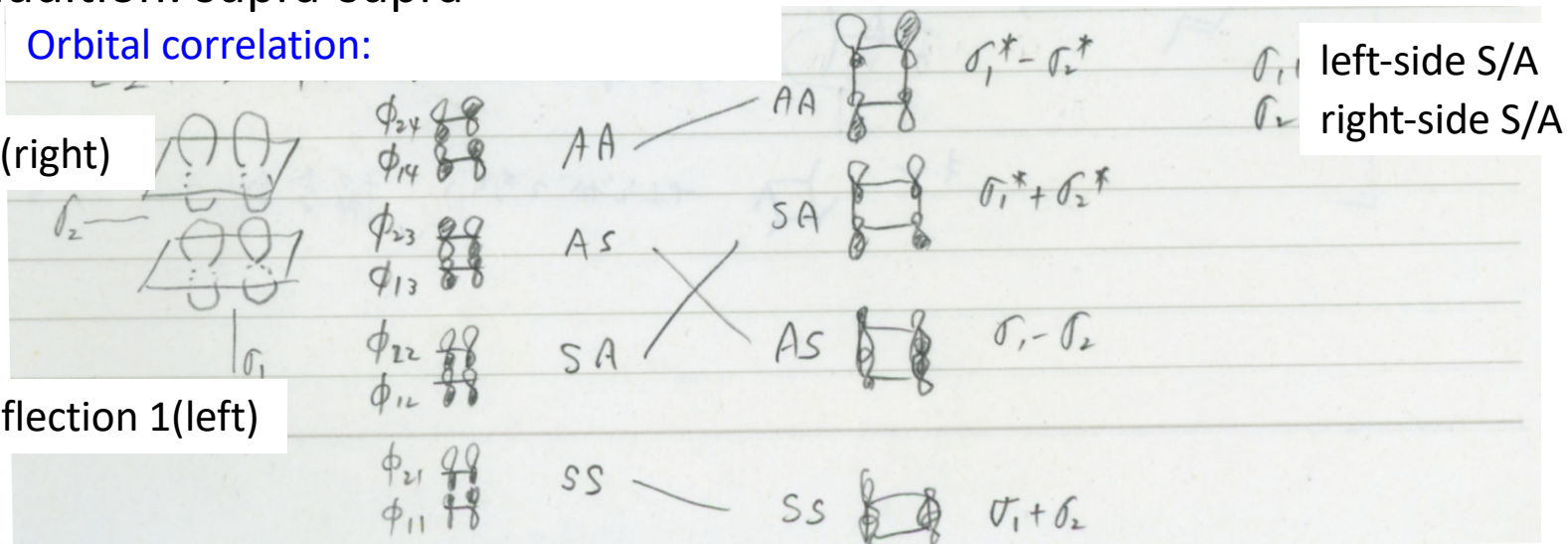
$i + j = 4n$ , photochemically allowed. (therm. forbidden)

# [2+2]cycloaddition: supra-supra

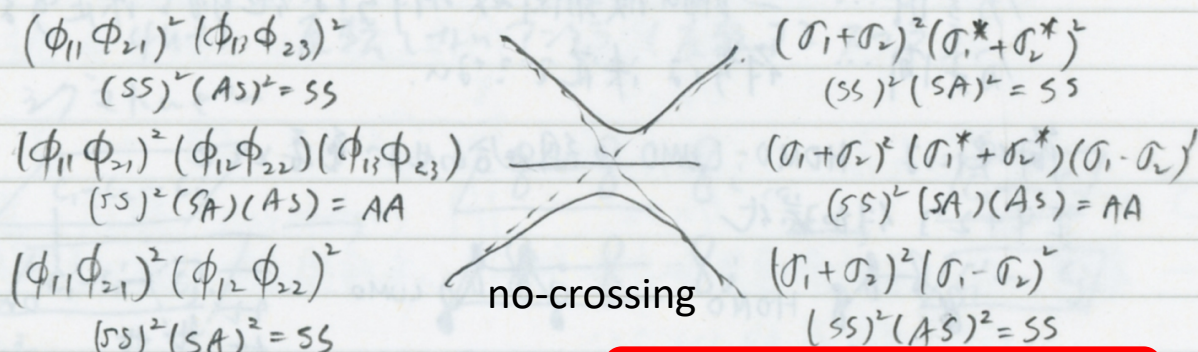
## Orbital correlation:

reflection 2(right)

reflection 1(left)



## Electron-configuration correlation:



Therefore, thermally forbidden and photochemically allowed.

## Selectivity rule: the Woodward-Hoffman rule

[i + j]cycloaddition : photo.  $i + j = 4n + 2$  s-a or a-s

$i + j = 4n$  s-s or a-a

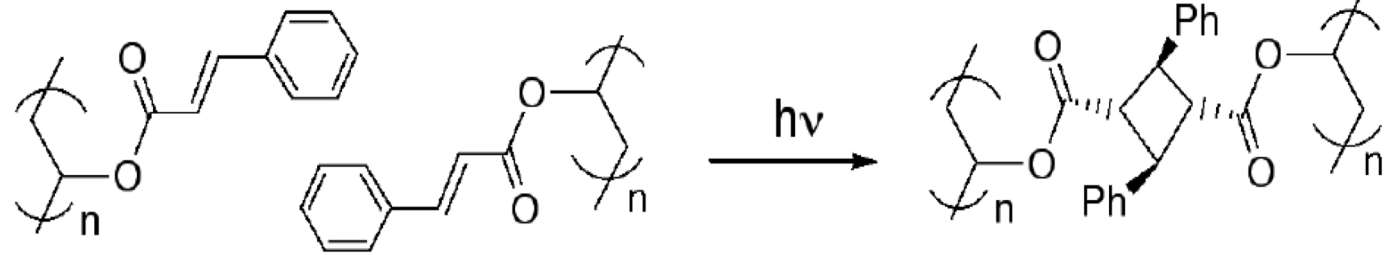
therm.  $i + j = 4n + 2$  s-s or a-a

$i + j = 4n$  s-a or a-s

# Solid state chemistry

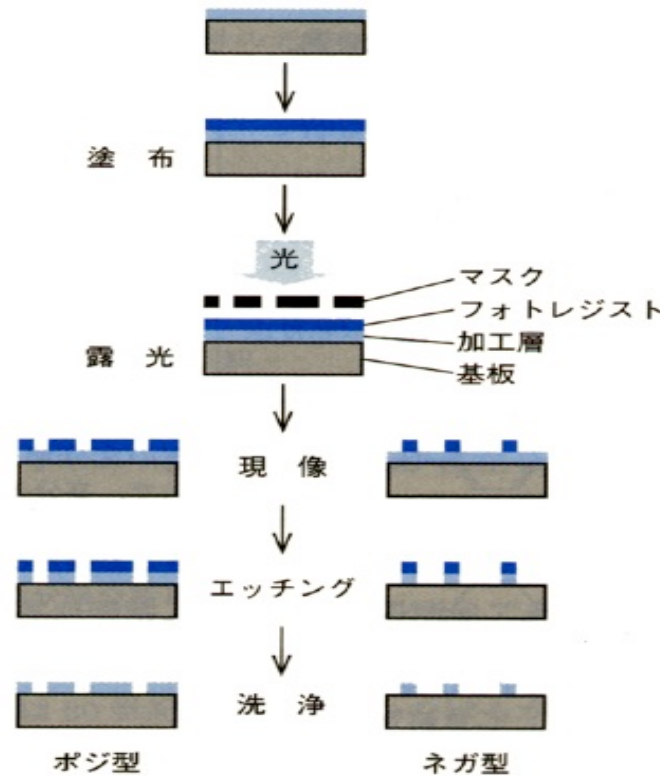
## ex.2) photoresist

KPR (Kodak Co. Ltd.)



cross-linked polymers

lithography:



substrate

paint for masking

exposure

developing a photo

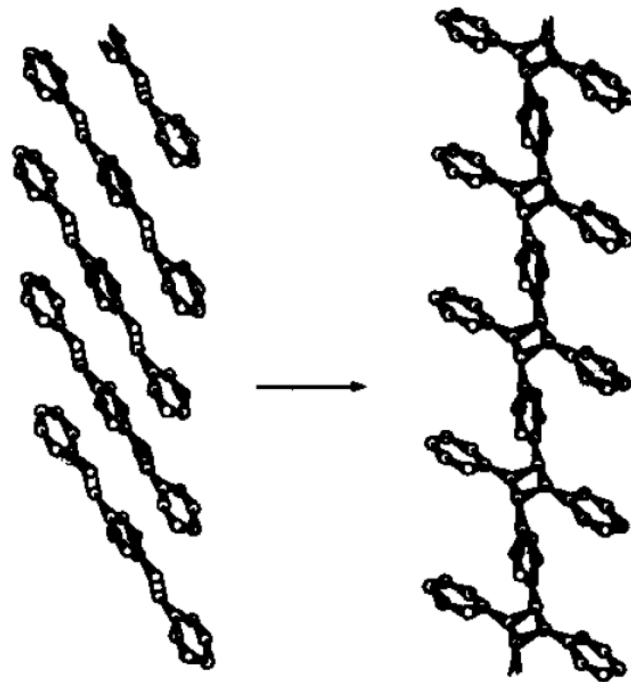
etching (positive/negative types)

wash



# Solid state chemistry

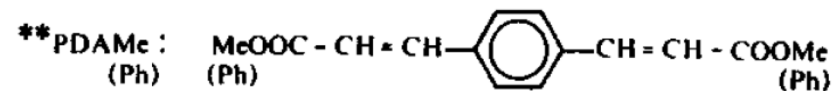
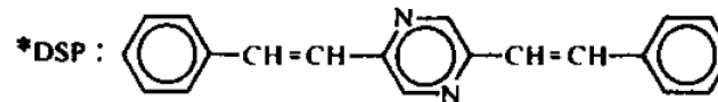
## ex.4) photo-polymerization



$\alpha$ -phase distylylpyrazine (DSP)

Table. The cell parameters of reactive DSPs

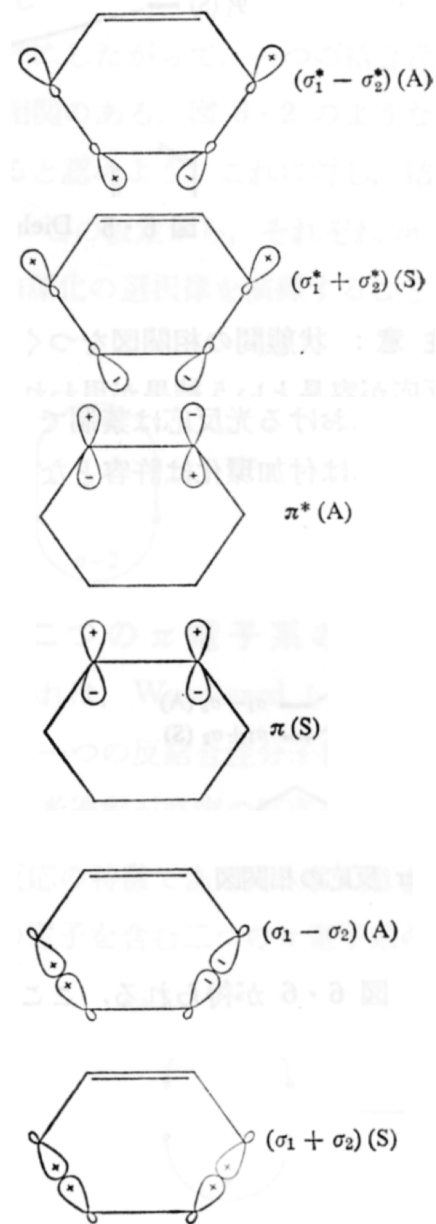
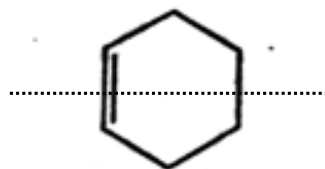
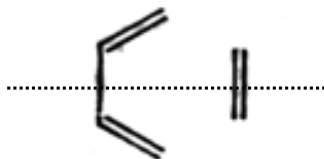
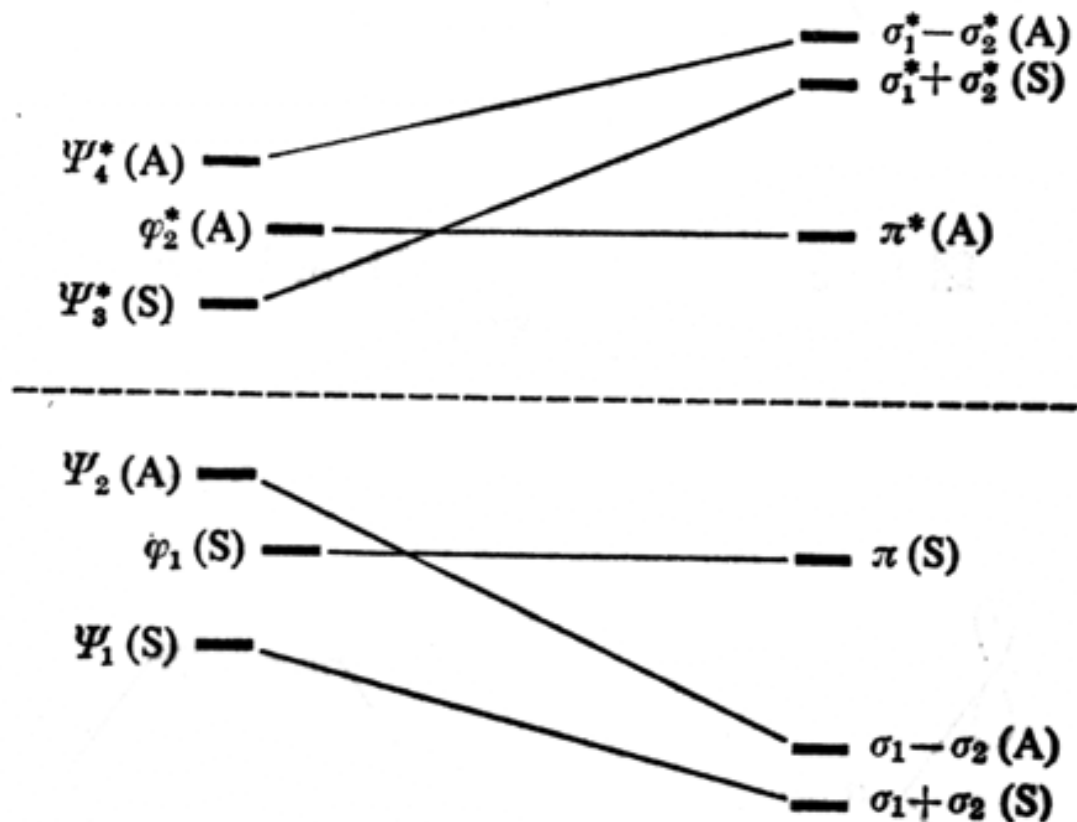
化合物	空間群	$a$ ( $\alpha$ )	$b$ ( $\beta$ )	$c$ (/nm) ( $\gamma$ ) (°)	二重結合間 距離/nm
2,5-ジスチリルピラジン(DSP)* ( $\alpha$ 相)					
monomer	$Pbca$	2.0638	0.9599	0.7655	0.3939
polymer		1.836	1.088	0.752	
1,4-フェニレンジアクリル酸ジメチルエステル(PDAMe)**					
monomer	$P\bar{1}$	0.7148 (98.97)	0.8382 (116.85)	0.5844 (78.06)	0.3957
polymer	$P\bar{1}$	0.782 (107.8)	0.742 (106.0)	0.604 (78.8)	
1,4-フェニレンジアクリル酸ジフェニルエステル(PDAPh)**					
monomer	$P2_1/c$	0.6917	1.8584 (101.87)	0.7557	0.3917
polymer	$P2_1/c$	0.750	1.73 (102.0)	0.750	



Explain why  $2\pi + 2\pi$  cycloaddition reactions are allowed in photo-process and forbidden in thermal-process.

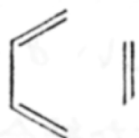
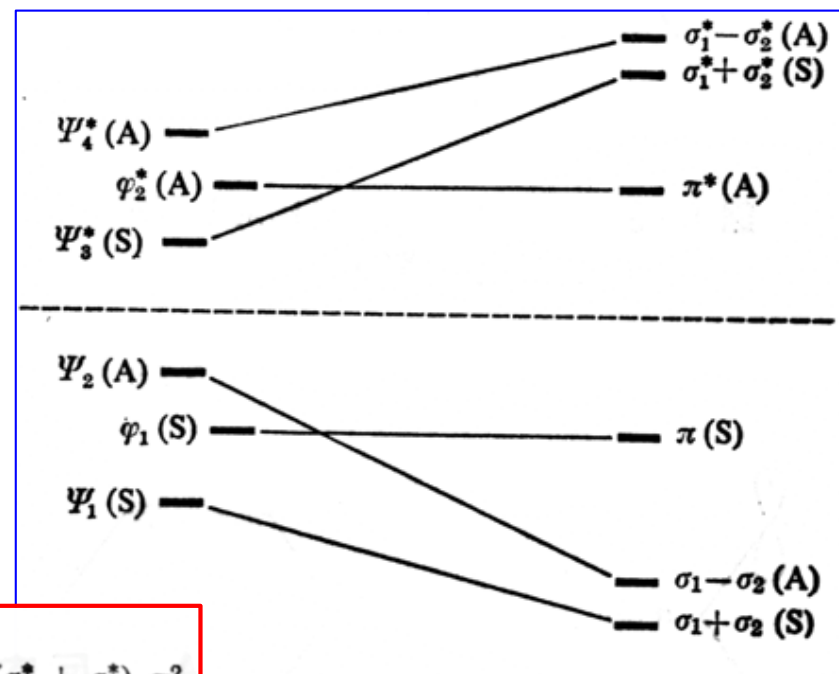
# [4+2]cycloaddition reactions

## Orbital-correlation diagram:



# [4+2]cycloaddition reactions

Electron-configuration-  
correlation diagram:



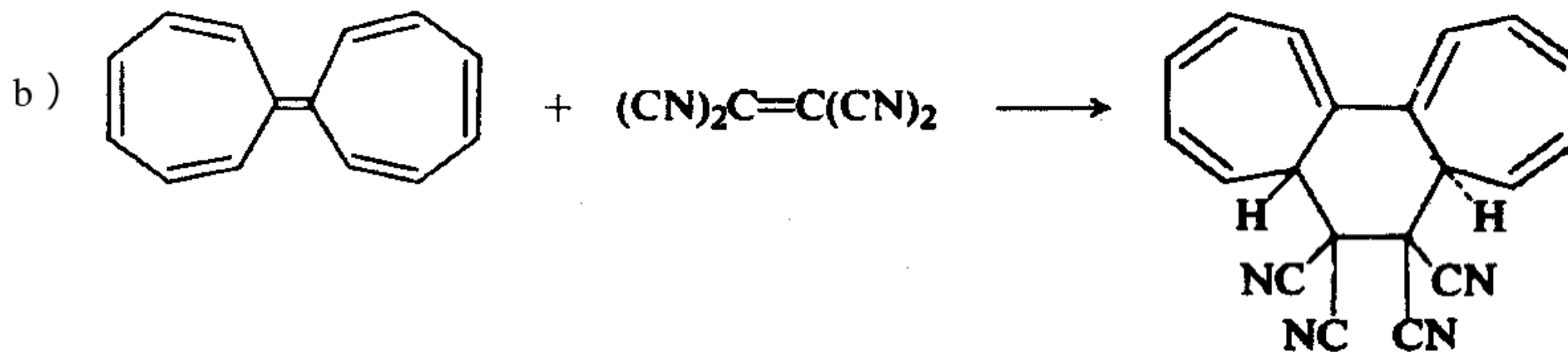
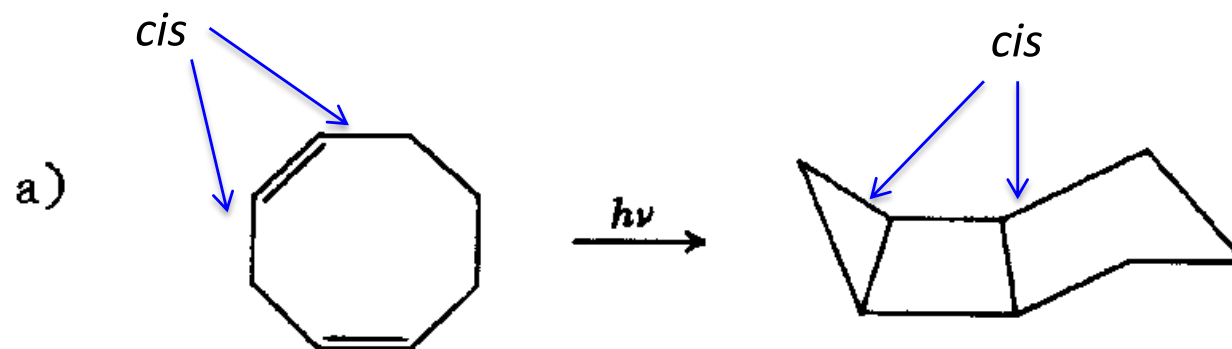
Explain:

In [4+2] supra-supra,  
thermally allowed, and  
photo forbidden.

(Antara-antara and supra-supra  
have symmetrically the same  
meaning.

Supra-antara and antara-supra  
have the same meaning.)

Explain the stereochemistry.



Two H atoms are arranged in a *trans* position.